

## Math 235

## HW #1

1.1 9, 42

1.2 7, 10, 22

1.1 #9  $[1, 2, 1, 0] - 2[-2, 0, 1, 6] + 4[3, -5, 1, -2]$

$= [1, 2, 1, 0] + [4, 0, 2, 12] + [12, -20, 4, -8]$

$= [17, -18, 3, -20]$

1.1 #42  $r - 2s = b_1$   
 $3r + 5s = b_2$

$r = b_1 + 2s$

$3(b_1 + 2s) + 5s = b_2$

$3b_1 + 11s = b_2$

$s = \frac{b_2 - 3b_1}{11} = \frac{1}{11}b_2 - \frac{3}{11}b_1$

so  $\therefore r - 2\left(\frac{1}{11}b_2 - \frac{3}{11}b_1\right) = b_1$

$r - \frac{2}{11}b_2 + \frac{6}{11}b_1 = b_1$

$r = \frac{5}{11}b_1 + \frac{2}{11}b_2$

so  $r = \frac{5}{11}b_1 + \frac{2}{11}b_2$  This gives a solution  
 $s = -\frac{3}{11}b_1 + \frac{1}{11}b_2$  for any  $b_1, b_2$ .

1.2 #7

$$\vec{u} = [-1, 3, 4]$$

$$\|\vec{u}\| = \sqrt{1+9+16} = \sqrt{26} \cancel{\sqrt{15}}$$

so  ~~$\frac{1}{\sqrt{26}}\vec{u}$~~  is a unit vector.

That's  ~~$\sqrt{26}, \sqrt{26}, \sqrt{26}$~~   $\left[ \frac{-1}{\sqrt{26}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{26}}, \frac{4}{\sqrt{26}} \right]$

1.2 #10

$$[-1, 3, 4] \cdot ((2, 1, -1) + [-2, -1, 3])$$

$$= [-1, 3, 4] \cdot ([0, 0, 2])$$

$$= 8$$

1.2 #22

$$\vec{u} = [1, -1, 2, 3, 0, 4]$$

$$\vec{v} = [7, 0, 1, 3, 2, 4]$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\|\vec{u}\| \|\vec{v}\|}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} &= 7 + 0 + 2 + 9 + 0 + 16 \\ &= 34 \end{aligned}$$

$$\|\vec{u}\| = \sqrt{1+1+4+9+16} = \sqrt{31}$$

$$\|\vec{v}\| = \sqrt{49+1+9+4+16} = \sqrt{79}$$

so  $\cos \theta = \frac{34}{\sqrt{31} \sqrt{79}}$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{34}{\sqrt{31} \sqrt{79}} \right) = .813 \dots \text{ radians}$$

46.6 degrees (lanc)