

Math 235 HW #8

3.3 #4, 10, 21

3.4 #2, 36

3.3 #4

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & & & 1 \\ & 1 & & 2 \\ & & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right]$$

coords are $[1, 2, -1]$

3.3 #10

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ wrt } \left(\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + c_3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} + c_4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} c_3 & c_1 - c_2 - c_3 + c_4 \\ c_1 & 3c_3 + c_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|c} 1 & & & & 3 \\ & 1 & & & 5 \\ & & 1 & & 1 \\ & & & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

coords are $[3, 5, 1, 1]$

3.3 #21

$$\text{for } B = (x+x^2, x-x^2, 1+x)$$

coords $[3, 1, 2]$ means

$$3(x+x^2) + 1(x-x^2) + 2(1+x)$$

$$= 3x + 3x^2 + x - x^2 + 2 + 2x$$

$$= 2x^2 + 6x + 2$$

3.4 #2 $T(f) = (f(5))^2$ is not linear.

addition would be $T(f+g) = T(f) + T(g)$

$$T(f+g) = ((f+g)(5))^2 = (f(5) + g(5))^2$$

$$T(f) + T(g) = (f(5))^2 + (g(5))^2$$

← not the same,
so not linear.

3.4 #36 T, T' linear, show $T' \circ T$ is linear.

Addition need $T' \circ T(\vec{u} + \vec{v}) = T' \circ T(\vec{u}) + T' \circ T(\vec{v})$

PF

$$\begin{aligned} T' \circ T(\vec{u} + \vec{v}) &= T'(T(\vec{u} + \vec{v})) = T'(T(\vec{u}) + T(\vec{v})) \\ &= T'(T(\vec{u})) + T'(T(\vec{v})) \\ &= T' \circ T(\vec{u}) + T' \circ T(\vec{v}) \quad \text{shown} \end{aligned}$$

sc. mult need $T' \circ T(r\vec{v}) = r T' \circ T(\vec{v})$

PF

$$\begin{aligned} T' \circ T(r\vec{v}) &= T'(T(r\vec{v})) = T'(rT(\vec{v})) \\ &= r T'(T(\vec{v})) = r T' \circ T(\vec{v}) \quad \text{shown} \end{aligned}$$