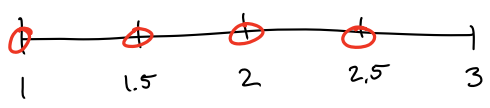


Math 1121

Homework # 28

6, 11

#6 $f(x) = 3x + 2$ on $[1, 3]$, $n = 4$



$$\Delta x = \frac{3-1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} = .5$$

left endpoints:

$$\begin{aligned} &.5 (f(1) + f(1.5) + f(2) + f(2.5)) \\ &= .5 (3 \cdot 1 + 2 + 3 \cdot 1.5 + 2 + 3 \cdot 2 + 2 + 3 \cdot 2.5 + 2) \end{aligned}$$

right endpoints:



$$\begin{aligned} &.5 (f(1.5) + f(2) + f(2.5) + f(3)) \\ &= .5 (3 \cdot 1.5 + 2 + 3 \cdot 2 + 2 + 3 \cdot 2.5 + 2 + 3 \cdot 3 + 2) \end{aligned}$$

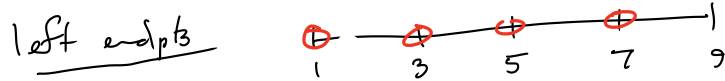
midpoints:



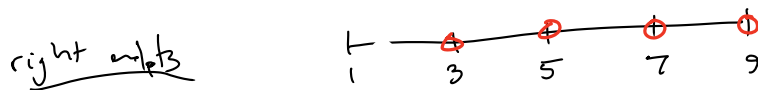
$$.5 (3 \cdot 1.25 + 2 + 3 \cdot 1.75 + 2 + 3 \cdot 2.25 + 2 + 3 \cdot 2.75 + 2)$$

#11 $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$, on $[1, 9]$, $n=4$

$$\Delta x = \frac{9-1}{4} = \frac{8}{4} = 2$$

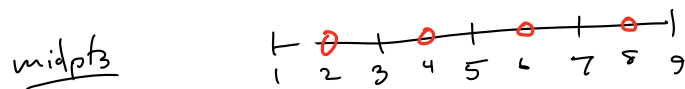


$$2 \left(\frac{2}{1} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{7} \right)$$



$$2 (f(3) + f(5) + f(7) + f(9))$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{7} + \frac{2}{9} \right)$$



$$2 \left(\frac{2}{2} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{2}{8} \right)$$