

Math 1172 Homework #8

Section 7.8 #42

8.1 #13, 16, 51

7.8 #42

$$\int_0^5 \frac{w}{w-2} dw$$

discont. at 2

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \int_0^t \frac{w}{w-2} dw + \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \int_2^5 \frac{w}{w-2} dw$$

First one: $\lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \int_0^2 \frac{w}{w-2} dw$

$u = w-2 \quad w = u+2$
 $du = dw$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \int \frac{u+2}{u} du = \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \int \left(1 + \frac{2}{u}\right) du = \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} (u + 2 \ln|u|)$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \left(w-2 + 2 \ln|w-2| \right) \Big|_0^t$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 2} \left(t-2 + 2 \ln|t-2| - (0-2 + 2 \ln|0-2|) \right)$$

↓
ln 0
diverges!

8.1 #13

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot x^{-1}$$

$$f'(x) = x^2 - \frac{1}{4}x^{-2}$$

$$\int_1^2 \sqrt{1 + (x^2 - \frac{1}{4}x^{-2})^2} dx = \int_1^2 \sqrt{1 + x^4 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{16}x^{-4}} dx$$

$$= \int_1^2 \sqrt{x^4 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{16}x^{-4}} dx = \int_1^2 \sqrt{(x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x^{-2})^2} dx$$

$$= \int_1^2 x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x^{-2} dx = \left. \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x^{-1} \right|_1^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2^{-1} - \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 1^3 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1^{-1} \right)$$

8.1 #16

$$y = \ln(\cos x)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot -\sin x = -\tan x$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/3} \sqrt{1 + (-\tan x)^2} dx = \int_0^{\pi/3} \sqrt{1 + \tan^2 x} dx$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/3} \sqrt{\sec^2 x} dx = \int_0^{\pi/3} \sec x dx = \ln |\sec x + \tan x| \Big|_0^{\pi/3}$$

$$= \ln |\sec \pi/3 + \tan \pi/3| - \ln |\sec 0 + \tan 0|$$

8.1#51

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}e^x + e^{-x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{4}e^x - e^{-x}$$

$$\text{Area under curve} = \int_a^b \frac{1}{4}e^x + e^{-x} dx$$

$$\text{Arc length} = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{1}{4}e^x - e^{-x}\right)^2} dx = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{16}e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} + e^{-2x}} dx$$

$$= \int_a^b \sqrt{\frac{1}{16}e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2} + e^{-2x}} dx = \int_a^b \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{4}e^x + e^{-x}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \int_a^b \frac{1}{4}e^x + e^{-x} dx$$

Same!