

11.6 # 22, 30

11.8 # 6, 15

11.6 # 22 $\sum \frac{(-2)^n}{n^n}$ not test!

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\left| \frac{(-2)^n}{n^n} \right|} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{2^n}{n^n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{n} = 0$$

$L < 1$, so it converges

11.6 # 30

$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n 5^{2n}}{10^{n+1}}$ ratio test!

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n+1) 5^{2(n+1)}}{10^{n+1+1}} \cdot \frac{10^{n+1}}{n 5^{2n}} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{n} \cdot \frac{10^{n+1}}{10^{n+2}} \cdot \frac{5^{2n+2}}{5^{2n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + \frac{1}{n}}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{10} \cdot 5^2 = \frac{25}{10}$$

$L > 1$, so it diverges.

11.8 #6 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^n}{\sqrt[3]{n}}$

Ratio test:

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(-1)^{n+1} x^{n+1}}{\sqrt[3]{n+1}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[3]{n}}{(-1)^n x^n} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{x^{n+1}}{x^n} \cdot \frac{n^{1/3}}{(n+1)^{1/3}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} |x| \cdot \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{1/3} \\ = |x|$$

Converges when $|x| < 1$, i.e. $-1 < x < 1$.

Check endpoints:

$x=1$ $\sum \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n}}$ converges (alt. series test)

$x=-1$ $\sum \frac{(-1)^n (-1)^n}{\sqrt[3]{n}} = \sum \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n}} = \sum \frac{1}{n^{1/3}}$
diverges (p-series, $p \leq 1$)

So $\text{IOC} = (-1, 1]$

$\text{ROC} = 1$

11.8 #15

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n^4 4^n}$$

$$L = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{x^{n+1}}{(n+1)^4 \cdot 4^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{n^4 \cdot 4^n}{x^n} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^4}{(n+1)^4} \cdot \frac{4^n}{4^{n+1}} \cdot \left| \frac{x^{n+1}}{x^n} \right|$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^4 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot |x| = \frac{1}{4} |x|$$

Converges when $\frac{1}{4} |x| < 1$, i.e. $-1 < \frac{1}{4} x < 1$

$$\underline{-4 < x < 4}$$

check endpoints:

$$\underline{x=4} \quad \sum \frac{4^n}{n^4 4^n} = \sum \frac{1}{n^4} \quad \text{converges, (p-series)}$$

$$\underline{x=-4} \quad \sum \frac{(-4)^n}{n^4 4^n} = \sum \frac{(-1)^n}{n^4} \quad \text{converges (alt. series test)}$$

So IOR is $[-4, 4]$

ROC is 4.